

SD350 and SD350T Addressable Photoelectronic Smoke Sensors Installation and Maintenance Instructions

This sensor must be installed in compliance with the control panel system installation manual. The installation must meet the requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Sensors offer maximum performance when installed in compliance with the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA); see NFPA 72.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Model SD350 and SD350T are addressable sensors that combine a state-of-the-art photoelectronic sensing chamber with communications. The SD350T adds thermal sensors that will alarm at a fixed temperature of 135°F. These sensors are designed to provide open area protection and are intended for use with compatible control panels only.

Two LEDs on each sensor light to provide a local, visible sensor indication. Remote LED annunciator capability is available as an optional accessory (Part No. RA400Z).

SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Voltage Range:	15 to 32 VDC
Standby Current:	300µA @ 24 VDC (one communication every 5 seconds with LED blink enabled)
Max. Alarm Current (LED on):	6.5 mA @ 24 VDC
Operating Humidity Range:	10% to 93% Relative Humidity, noncondensing
Operating Temperature Range:	0° to 49°C (32° to 120°F); SD350
Operating Temperature Range:	0° to 38°C (32° to 100°F); SD350T
Height:	1.7 inches (43 mm) installed in B310LP Base
Diameter:	6.2 inches (155 mm) installed in B310LP Base
Weight:	3.6 oz. (102 g)

SPACING

Fire-Lite recommends spacing sensors in compliance with NFPA 72. In low air flow applications with smooth ceilings, space sensors 30 feet apart. For specific information regarding sensor spacing, placement, and special applications, refer to NFPA 72 or the *Guide For Proper Use of System Smoke Detectors*, available from Fire-Lite (P/N I56-407-XX).

WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

All wiring must be installed in compliance with the National Electrical Code, applicable local codes, and any special requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction. Proper wire gauges should be used. The installation wires should be color-coded to limit wiring mistakes and ease system troubleshooting. Improper connections will prevent a system from responding properly in the event of a fire.

Disconnect power from the communication line before installing sensors.

All wiring must conform to applicable local codes, ordinances, and regulations.

1. Wire the sensor base (supplied separately) per the wiring diagram (Figure 1).
2. Set the desired address on the sensor address switches.

NOTE: Some panels support extended addressing. In order to set the sensor above address 99

on compatible systems, carefully remove the stop on the upper rotary switch with thumb or as shown in Figure 2.

3. Install the sensor into the sensor base. Push the sensor into the base while turning it clockwise to secure it in place.
4. After all sensors have been installed, apply power to the control unit and activate the communication line.
5. Test the sensor(s) as described in the **TESTING** section of this manual.

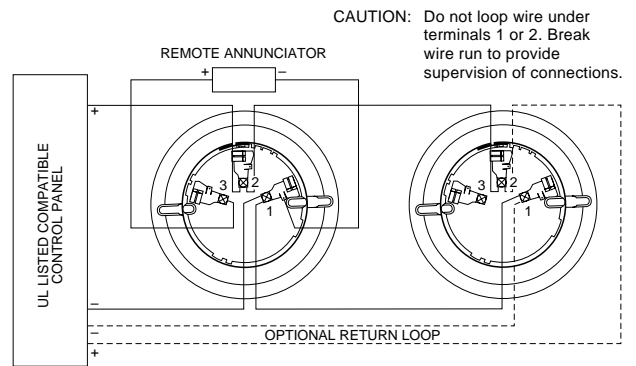


Figure 1. Wiring Diagram

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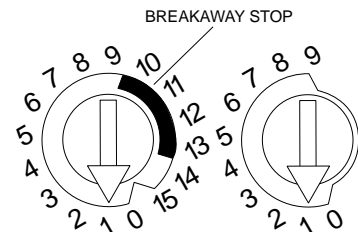


Figure 2. Rotary Address Switches

CAUTION

Dust covers provide limited protection against airborne dust particles during shipping. Dust covers must be removed before the sensors can sense smoke. Remove sensors prior to heavy remodeling or construction.

TESTING

Before testing, notify the proper authorities that the system is undergoing maintenance, and will temporarily be out of service. Disable the system to prevent unwanted alarms.

All sensors must be tested after installation and periodically thereafter. Testing methods must satisfy the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Sensors offer maximum performance when tested and maintained in compliance with NFPA 72. The sensor can be tested in the following ways:

A. Functional: Magnet Test (P/N M02-04-01 or M02-09-00)

This sensor can be functionally tested with a test magnet. The test magnet electronically simulates smoke in the sensing chamber, testing the sensor electronics and connections to the control panel.

1. Hold the test magnet in the magnet test area as shown.
2. The sensor should alarm the panel.

Two LEDs on the sensor are controlled by the panel to indicate sensor status. Coded signals, transmitted from the panel, can cause the LEDs to blink, latch on, or latch off. Refer to the control panel technical documentation for sensor LED operation and expected delay to alarm.

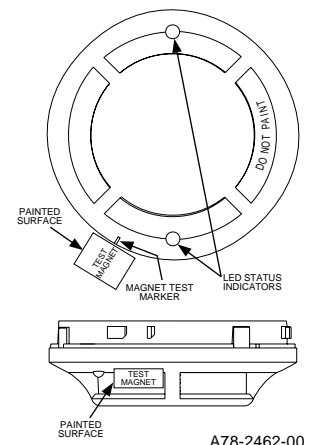


Figure 3.

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B. Smoke Entry: Aerosol Generator (Gemini 501)

The GEMINI model 501 aerosol generator can be used for smoke entry testing. Set the generator to represent 4%/ft to 5%/ft obscuration as described in the GEMINI 501 manual. Using the bowl shaped applicator, apply aerosol until the panel alarms.

C. Direct Heat Method (Hair dryer of 1000-1500 watts). SD350T only.

Direct the heat toward either of the side thermistors. Hold the heat source about 12 inches from the detector in order to avoid damage to the plastic. The detector will reset only after it has had sufficient time to cool.

Both smoke and heat detection testing are recommended for verifying system protection capability.

A sensor that fails any of these tests should be cleaned as described under **CLEANING**, and retested. If the sensor fails after cleaning, it must be replaced and returned for repair.

When testing is complete, restore the system to normal operation and notify the proper authorities that the system is back in operation.

CLEANING

It is recommended that the detector be removed from its mounting base to facilitate cleaning. The detector is cleaned as follows:

NOTE: Before removing the detector, notify the proper authorities that the smoke detector system is undergoing maintenance and will be temporarily out of service. Disable the zone or system undergoing maintenance to prevent unwanted alarms.

1. Remove the detector cover by prying away the four side tabs with a small-bladed screwdriver, and then pulling the cover from the base.
2. Vacuum the screen carefully without removing it. If further cleaning is required continue with Step 3, otherwise skip to Step 8.
3. Remove the screen assembly by pulling it straight out (see Figure 4).
4. Remove the sensing chamber cover by pulling it straight out.
5. Clean the vaned chamber piece by vacuuming or blowing out dust and particles.
6. Replace the sensing chamber cover, aligning the arrow on the top with arrow on the printed circuit board.
7. To replace the screen, place it over the chamber assembly, turning it until it snaps into place.
8. Replace the cover using the LEDs to align the cover and then gently pushing it until it locks into place.
9. Reinstall the detector.
10. Test the detector as described in TESTING.
11. Reconnect disabled circuits.
12. Notify the proper authorities that the system is back on line.

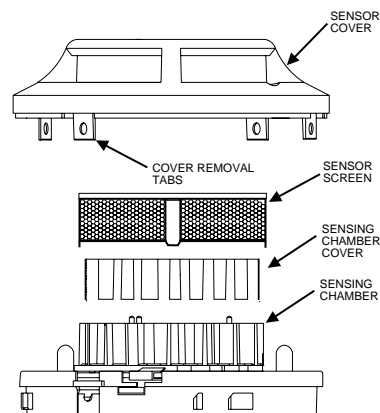


Figure 4.

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Please refer to insert for the Limitations of Fire Alarm Systems

FCC Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.